



Visual Studio Code editor showing the Angular application structure and code.

Left Panel (File Explorer):

- OPEN EDITORS
 - otherTheme-theme.scss
 - red-theme.scss
 - sustainbase-theme.scss
 - violet-theme.scss
 - winterwizard-theme.scss
 - app-routing.module.ts
 - signin-oidc-info.guard.ts
 - auth.service.ts
 - app.module.ts
 - content-provider.facade.ts
 - videomeeting-generator.component.ts
- NX-WORKSPACE
 - content-provider.effects.ts
 - content-provider.reducer.ts
 - content-provider.selectors.ts
 - content-provider.state.ts
 - event-domains-state
 - event-state
 - entities
 - event.actions.ts
 - event.effects.ts
 - event.reducer.ts
 - event.selectors.ts
 - event.state.ts
 - content-provider.facade.ts
 - event-domains.facade.ts
 - event-state.facade.ts
 - index.ts
 - state.initializers.ts
 - app-routing.module.ts
 - app.component.css
 - app.component.html
 - app.component.spec.ts
 - app.component.ts
 - app.module.ts
 - assets
 - arrows

Right Panel (Code Editor):

Top Editor (app.module.ts):

```
58 Kristjan Vidjokovic, 2 months ago | 1 author (Kristjan Vidjokovic)
59 declare global {
60   Kristjan Vidjokovic, 2 months ago | 1 author (Kristjan Vidjokovic)
61   interface Array<T> {
62     hasValues(): boolean;
63   }
64   Array.prototype.hasValues = function (this: any): boolean {
65     return this.length > 0;
66   };
67
68 Kristjan Vidjokovic, 3 weeks ago | 12 authors (Kristjan Vidjokovic and others)
69 @NgModule({
70   declarations: [AppComponent],
71   imports: [
72     AppRoutingModule,
73     BrowserModule,
74     BrowserModuleAnimationsModule,
75     HttpClientModule,
76     FlexLayoutModule,
77     OverlayModule,
78     DeviceDetectorModule.forRoot(),
79     FormsModule,
80     SwiperModule,
81     OverlayModule,
82     DragDropModule,
83     StoreModule.forRoot(reducers, {
84       runtimeChecks: {
85         strictStateImmutability: false,
86         strictActionImmutability: false
87       }
88     }),
89     EffectsModule.forRoot([EventDomainsEffects, EventEffects, ContentProviderEffects, FileEffects, LinkEffects]),
90     InflowStoreDevTools,
91     TranslateModule.forRoot({
92       loader: {
93         provide: TranslateLoader,
```

Bottom Editor (index.ts):

```
5 apps > sustain-base > src > app > state > index.ts > reducers
6 import * as fromEvent from '../state/event-state/event.reducer';
7 import * as fromContentProvider from '../state/content-provider-state/content-provider.reducer';
8 import * as fromParticipant from '../modules/participant/state/participant.reducer';
9 import * as fromFiles from '../state/event-state/entities/files/files.reducer';
10 import * as fromLinks from '../state/event-state/entities/links/links.reducer';
11 import * as fromEventDomains from '../state/event-domains-state/event-domains.reducer';
12
13 // States
14 import { EntityState } from './event-state/event.state';
15 import { ParticipantState } from '../modules/participant/state/participant.state';
16 import { ContentProviderState } from './content-provider-state/content-provider.state';
17 import { FilesState } from './event-state/entities/files/files.state';
18 import { LinksState } from './event-state/entities/links/links.state';
19 import { EventDomainsState } from './event-domains-state/event-domains.state';
20
21 Marko Stojkov, 5 months ago | 2 authors (Kristjan Vidjokovic and others)
22 export interface State {
23   event: EntityState;
24   files: FilesState;
25   links: LinksState;
26   contentProvider: ContentProviderState;
27   participant: ParticipantState;
28   eventDomains: EventDomainsState;
29 }
30
31 Kristjan Vidjokovic, a year ago * Merge
32 export const reducers: ActionReducerMap<State> = {
33   event: fromEvent.reducer,
34   contentProvider: fromContentProvider.reducer,
35   files: fromFiles.reducer,
36   links: fromLinks.reducer,
37   participant: fromParticipant.reducer,
38   eventDomains: fromEventDomains.reducer
39 }; // key value pairs
```

Actions

Actions are events that happen as a result of user interaction with the application. Using our `podcastId` state example above, a user could select a specific podcast and the application would filter based on this specific podcast.

The `Action` class always includes a `type` property representing the action being dispatched.

```
import { Action } from '@ngrx/store';

export enum ActionTypes {
  SELECT_PODCAST = '[alsoa.ui.podcast.component] SELECT_PODCAST',
  REQUEST_FAILURE = '[alsoa.ui.podcast.component] REQUEST_FAILURE'
}

export class SelectPodcastAction implements Action {
  public readonly type = ActionTypes.SELECT_PODCAST;
  constructor(public payload: string) { }
}

export class RequestFailureAction implements Action {
  public readonly type = ActionTypes.REQUEST_FAILURE;
}

export type Actions = SelectPodcastAction
  | RequestFailureAction;
```

The class `SelectPodcastAction` includes a `type` property of `'[alsoa.ui.podcast.component] SELECT_PODCAST'`, along with `payload` property of type string. The payload represents the action data associated with the action necessary to complete the action.

Reducer

The reducer generates a new state based on the action dispatched and any payload information contained within the action. These files contain a `switch` statement for any action that changes and returns the new state. Get familiar with the spread syntax as a mechanism to preserve immutability.

```
import { initialState, State } from './state';
import { Actions, ActionTypes } from './actions';

const {
  SELECT_PODCAST,
  REQUEST_FAILURE
} = ActionTypes;

export function featureReducer(state: State = initialState, action: Actions) {
  switch (action.type) {
    case SELECT_PODCAST:
      return {
        ...state,
        podcastId: action.payload
      };
    case REQUEST_FAILURE:
    default:
      return state;
  }
};
```

Declaring an action creator

Without additional metadata:

```
export const increment = createAction('[Counter] Increment');
```

With additional metadata:

```
export const loginSuccess = createAction(
  '[Auth/API] Login Success',
  props<{ user: User }>()
);
```

With a function:

```
export const loginSuccess = createAction(
  '[Auth/API] Login Success',
  (response: Response) => response.user
);
```

Dispatching an action

Without additional metadata:

```
store.dispatch(increment());
```

With additional metadata:

```
store.dispatch(loginSuccess({ user: newUser }));
```

Referencing an action in a reducer

Using a switch statement:

```
switch (action.type) {
  // ...
  case AuthApiActions.loginSuccess.type: {
    return {
      ...state,
      user: action.user
    };
  }
}
```

Using a reducer creator:

```
on(AuthApiActions.loginSuccess, (state, { user }) => ({ ...state,
  user })))
```

Referencing an action in an effect

```
effectName$ = createEffect(
  () => this.actions$.pipe(
    ofType(AuthApiActions.loginSuccess),
    // ...
  ));
```

Selectors

Selectors provide a method to read slices of the state.

Combining selectors to retrieve slices of state and filtering through necessary data can also be achieved.

```
const getProductFeatureState = createFeatureSelector<ProductState>('products');

export const getShowProductCode = createSelector(
  getProductFeatureState,
  state => state.showProductCode
);
```

Composing Selectors

```
const getProductFeatureState =
  createFeatureSelector<ProductState>('products');
```

```
export const getCurrentProductId = createSelector(
  getProductFeatureState,
  state => state.currentProductId
);
```

```
export const getCurrentProduct = createSelector(
  getProductFeatureState,
  getCurrentProductId,
  (state, currentProductId) =>
    state.products.find(p => p.id === currentProductId)
);
```

```
app: {
  hideWelcomePage: true
},
products: {
  showProductCode: true,
  currentProductId: 5,
  products: [...]
},
users: {
  maskUserName: false,
  currentUser: {...}
},
...
```

```

export const getEventState = createFeatureSelector<ContentProviderState>(contentStateKey)

const getContentProvider = createSelector(
  getEventState,
  (state: ContentProviderState) => state
);

const getEventTheme = createSelector(
  getContentProvider,
  (state: ContentProviderState) => state.theme
);

const getError = createSelector(
  getContentProvider,
  (state: ContentProviderState) => state.error
);

const getLegalDocuments = createSelector(
  getContentProvider,
  (state: ContentProviderState) => state.legalDocuments
);

const isWhitelabeled = createSelector(
  getContentProvider,
  (state: ContentProviderState) => state.isWhitelabeled
);

const getToolbarLogoModel = createSelector( Aleksandra
  getContentProvider,
  (state: ContentProviderState) => state.toolbarLogoModel
);

export const contentProviderQuery = {
  getContentProvider,
  getToolbarLogoModel,
  getEventTheme,
  getError,
  getLegalDocuments,
  isWhitelabeled,
  isIndividualEvent,
  hasAgreedWithTermsAndConditions,
  storeProfileAfterEventHasEnded,
  isClimateKic,
  getDefaultLoginCover,
  getDefaultEventCover,
  getParticipantTermsAndConditions,
  getAdministratorTermsAndConditions,
  getJudgeTermsAndConditions,
  getPrivacyAndCookiePolicy,
  effectFinished,
  getDashboard
};

```



```

@Injectable()
export class ContentProviderFacade {

  public hasError$: Observable<HttpErrorResponse | null | undefined>;
  public effectFinished$: Observable<boolean | HttpErrorResponse | null>;

  public getProvider$: Observable<ContentProviderState>;
  public getToolbarLogoModel$: Observable<ToolbarLogoViewModel>;

  constructor(private store: Store<ContentProviderState>) {}

  this.getToolbarLogoModel$ = this.store.select(contentProviderQuery.getToolbarLogoModel);

```

Effects

Effects exist to change or retrieve the state of an external system. For most of my use cases, effects communicate with a REST endpoint to query, insert, update, and delete different entities. Effects begin listening immediately for one or multiple actions.

